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five kilometers north of the city and another bridge about three kilometers south of the city. The two highway bridges of the Hornad River, leading towards the east, were constructed of heavy structural steel and concrete. Each bridge consisted of three arches. The five or six smaller bridges, crossing the narrow branch of the Hornad, were 15 to 20 meters in length, constructed of concrete aniwood.

- 7. Most of the buildings were constructed of either stone or brick. A few of the newer five to eight-story buildings however were of structural steel and brick construction. All of the buildings had high peaked roofs with attics. The older buildings were roofed with slate shingles and tin plates. The newer buildings and homes had asbestos shingles. Residential homes averaged from two to four stories.
- 8. Educational institutions consisted of the customary elementary and gymnasiums. Early in 1949 a college of technical studies was opened.
- 9. Kosice had one large "State" hospital that consisted of twelve pavilions. The buildings and facilities were quite modern and well equipped. The State Hospital could accommodate 1200 patients. It had a complete ray department for diagnostic and therapeutic purposes. Its laboratory was opened by a bacteriologist who performed diagnoses in addition to research. There was a large medical staff to care for all surgical cases and common diseases. The women's clinic was located in a separate two-story building and had approximately 150 patients. The polyclinic was for ambulatory patients but mostly for diagnostical purposes. The military had its own hospital, a large four-story building with complete, modern equipment and medical staff.
- 10. Industry in Kosice produced mainly civilian goods for everyday use such as soap, margarine, beer, tobacco, and brushes. There was also a small plant that produced and filled tanks with oxygen and carbonic acid. The Iron Works of Kosice and a few smaller shops were engaged in manufacturing boilers, small machine tools, pumps, and household goods. The pump shop was a medium size plant that manufactured reciprocating pumps, piston and plunger pumps, centrifugal pumps with impellers, rotary pumps with gears, boiler-feed pumps, and sewage and sump pumps. This plant employed 70 persons who were engaged in the manufacturing. The drafting department consisted of a chief engineer and six draftsman.

50X1

- 11. Kosice housed the largest military garrison in Eastern Slovakia. It numbered approximately 15,000 men.
- 12. The adjacent military airport was not considered one of the stragetically large airports of Slovakia. The only planes were the conventional 50X1 single engine propeller driven type.
- 13. The security forces of Kosice were under the direction of the State Police. Several smaller police stations were scattered throughout the city.

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